THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL.
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Friday Evening, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square are inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents for every continuance of a greater length in proportion.

Persons sending Advertisements will please to mark the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS, and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

FERREE'S POWDER.

JAMES CROSSAN,

WOOD STREET,

BETWEEN Second and Third Streets, next door to James Morrison's, have on hand, and intend constantly keeping a supply of Ferree's Rifle Powder, which they will sell wholesale and retail on easy terms. Country merchants can be supplied with this article, at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1814.

DR. BAINBRIDGE,

WISHES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC

THAT his Laboratory is in operation for the Manufacture of NITROUS ACID, (Aquafortis) where it may be had of a superior quality Wholesale and Retail at his Medical Shop in the Diamond. Those at a distance may inform him with their commands accompanied with Cash, may rest assured that they will be promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh Sept. 20th. tfq

Steam Fulling Mills.

THE *PITTSBURGH STEAM FULLING MILLS* are now in complete operation. The proprietor is happy to inform the public, that he has engaged experienced workmen, and will be able to execute any orders in DYING and FULLING Business, in the best manner and with punctuality and despatch.

JAMES ARTHURS.

Pittsburgh Nov. 14, 1814. tf

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have opened a HAT STORE, at the corner of Market and Water Streets, formerly occupied by J. Elliott, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, and Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

☞ Orders will be received at the Warehouse of Harrow and M'Nickle, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Nov. 19, 1814. tf

CINCINNATTI, 1814.

Storage & Commission WAREHOUSE.

JEREMIAH NEAVE & SON.

(Late of Lexington, Kentucky)

HAVE commenced the STORAGE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS in a new and convenient Brick Warehouse in Cincinnatti. Merchants and Boatmen may always depend on every attention in the receiving, forwarding and Commission Business, in the best manner, and transacting all concerns entrusted to them.

Sept. 29. tfqcJN

House and Lot,

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell the HOUSE and LOT on which he at present resides, situate on Second street, between Wood and Market streets. The house is large and roomy; and its central situation makes it a desirable one for a boarding house or large family. He will give a generous credit, and possession the 1st Oct. next; and if not disposed of at that time, it will be Let for 1 year. For particulars enquire of

TH: CROMWELL.

Aug. 19th 1814 tfq

Mechanics Retreat.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

PROPOSES to lay out about THIRTY LOTS, of one acre each, near the Town of Allegheny, on the Franklin road, within one half mile of the river, which he will SELL at some suitable place, to the highest bidder, ON THE 15TH DAY of FEBRUARY NEXT, when and where a Plat of the ground and conditions of the sale will be exhibited.

NEVILLE B. CRAIG.

Dec. 20, 1814.

CASH FOR ASHES.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WILL give TWENTY FIVE CENTS per bushel for any quantity of good Oak and Hickory ASHES, delivered at his store in Liberty street, near the sign of the white Bear.

JOSEPH BECKER.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9.

ISAAC HARRIS,

DIAMOND—PITTSBURGH.

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

150 pieces India muslins
20 pieces 4-4 cambrick do.
200 packs pins, No. 9, 10, 16, 17
200,000 best quality needles assorted
50 kegs Ferree's best rifle powder
100 kegs Kentucky do.
2 cases very fine German steel
50 boxes Spanish segars

which, together with his former very elegant assortment, are offered on accommodating terms. Country Merchants as usual supplied with *dispatch.*

The subscriber receives in exchange for Goods, all kinds of Country Produce.

☞ Seventy-five Cents per bushel paid for Flaxseed, on delivery at his Store.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 13, 1814.

NEW GOODS.

Just received a very handsome selection of

Fancy and Seasonable GOODS.

Also, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, and GROCERIES, comprising Shad and Herring per barrel, Coffee in bags and barrels, Young Hyson Tea in small chests, Chocolate per box, Mustard per dozen, Black Ball per dozen or groce, (being purchased since the late peace news, and consequently cheaper than heretofore) will be sold, wholesale or retail, on as reasonable terms as possible.

GEORGE WATSON.

Pittsburgh, (Diamond Alley)
January 10, 1815.

FOR SALE BY

BOSLER & CO.

20 hogsheads Kentucky

Leaf Tobacco
120 Barrels Superfine Flour
Pittsburgh, Dec. 27, 1814.

The Sale of Harmony,

will be postponed unttil the 1st of February. In the mean time, terms for the whole estate may be known, by application to HENRY BALDWIN, Esq. or Mr. THOMAS CROMWELL, Pittsburgh.

Dec. 19, 1814.

FOR SALE,

BY ALLEN AND GRANT,

At the Warehouse recently occupied by James Adams,

408 bls. prime Orleans SUGAR.

21 bales do. do. COTTON,
14 reels Kentucky YARNS,
16 casks crude SALT PETRE,
581 bls. Kenhawa SALT,
21 do. LOAF SUGAR & prime green COFFEE.
39 bags prime green COFFEE,
12 bls. 2d qual. do.
31 do. heavy Sumatra PEPPER,
8 chests Hyson skin TEA,
20 bls. Carolina RICE.
14 tubs German STEEL.
15 boxes Cotton and Wool CARDS, assorted Nos.
5 tierces and 5 bls. English ALLUM.
41 glaziers DIAMONDS.
300 reams Chambersburgh PAPER.
21 packages mens' womens' and childrens' assorted SHOES.
105 pair fashionable BOOTS.

☞ Machine CARDS, direct from the manufactory, at cost and expences, constantly supplied.

January 10 tfq

D. & A. Townsend,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they continue to carry on the making of CARDING AND PICKING MACHINES for Wool and Cotton, and those who please to call on them can be supplied with good Machines and on easy payments.

The highest price in Cash given for FLAXSEED, delivered at Bosler & Co's Pittsburgh, or at Beaver Point.

Beaver Falls, 1st month, 1815.

Tanners Oil, &c.

The Subscriber has just received,
20 barrels superior quality Tanners Oil
20 barrels fresh superfine Flour
20 barrels dried Peaches
50 barrels dried Apples
10 casks New-England Chesse
3 crates Philadelphia Pottery, consisting of Plates, Bowls, Cups and Saucers, Pitchers, Teapots, &c. &c.
50 barrels Kenhawa Salt
Writing and Wrapping Paper assorted

All of which will be Sold as usual, wholesale and retail.

ISAAC HARRIS,
DIAMOND.

Pittsburgh, January 10, 1815. tf

FRESH & SEASONABLE GOODS.

CONSISTING of London Black, Navy Blue, Bottle Green and Mix'd Superfine and fine Broad Cloths
Plain and corded Cassimers—superfine blue stocking Webb
Cassinetts, velvet Cords and Velvets
Blue, lead and bottle green superfine Pelisse cloths
Kersey mole skins and coatings
Swansdown, toilenett, mole skin & silk Jacket Patterns
Worsted, silk and cotton Hosiery
Supe fine and fine white, yellow and red Flannels
7-4, 9-4, 10-4 and 12-4 rose Blankets
Superfine Calicoes—cambric & jaconett Muslins
Black, blue, green & bottle green Bombazetts
Spotted, stripe and plain sarsenett and book Muslins
Linen, cambrics, Irish linens, English shirting, &c.
Ladies long and short kid, beaver and silk Gloves
Linen and cotton laces
6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 levantine, damask and cotton shawls
Levantine, double florence, and senshaw silks handsomely assorted
Ladies kid, Morocco, cordivan and calfskin shoes, boots and slippers,
Mens and boys fine and coarse shoes,
Gilt and mahogany frame looking and dressing glasses

And a variety of other articles too tedious to mention, which they intend selling on the most moderate terms.

JOHN & JAMES BROWN.

Pittsburgh, October 4th, 1814.

Brush Manufactory.

GEORGE BEALE,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

BRUSHMAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has commenced a branch of his business, in Wood Street, between Third and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH. As he intend carying on the business extensively, he will be able to supply the orders of Merchants and others, to any amount, *at the Philadelphia prices, without carriage.* From his long experience in the business, and having the best workmen employed, he can furnish

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

of a superior quality, and on such terms as will prove advantageous to purchasers. In addition to his stock of Brushes, he has on hand,

A quantity of RUSSIA BRISTLES for Sale.

The highest price given for

HOGS BRISTLES and *COLTS TAILS.*

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1814. 1yq.

TO BE LET,

ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

Nine Lots of Ground,

Fronting on Smithfield Street. For particulars apply to GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, December 20, 1814.

BOSLER & Co.

Have received and offer on reasonable terms, by WHOLESALE.

18 Tons Pig Lead
5 do. Lead Ore suitable for Potters
375 Barrels prime New-Orleans Sugar
16 Boxes white Havanna do.
55 Bales Red River Cotton
7,000 lbs. Logwood
6,900 Mexican Copper
17 Barrels Molasses
20 do. Rice
25 do. Coffee
10 do. Loaf Sugar
8 do. Pepper
4 do. Glue
2 do. Writing
4 do. Yellow Ochre
3 do. Allum
3 do. Copperas
5 do. Allspice
5 do. Madder
1 Chest Young Hyson Tea
2 do. Hyson do.
6 Boxes Spanish Cigars
2 Barrels American do.
20 Kegs James River Tobacco
6 do. prime Kentucky do.
2 Boxes Fans
16 Dozen Silesia Handkerchiefs
550 Barrels first quality Kenhawa Salt

Pittsburgh, Dec. 20, 1814.

TO LET,

ON a 10 year Lease, at a moderate ground rent, a PART of those TWELVE LOTS, situate in Smithfield street, North of Fourth street. Apply to

H. HOLDSHIP, *House Carpenter.*

N. B. One or two APPRENTICES wanted to the House Carpenter business. Apply as above.

January 3, 1815.

Carding Machines,

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE subscriber offers for Sale or Rent, on reasonable terms, Two WOOL CARDING MACHINES and One PICKER, nearly new. Also, the cast iron Geers for carrying on the said Machinery with Horses; and if required, the Carding House and Lot in Zelienople, Butler County. Apply to

P. L. PASSAVANT.

Zelienople, January 9, 1815.

Grand State Lottery

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

THIS valuable Scheme, the product of which is to be applied to the purpose of opening a communication between the *Western* and *Atlantic* portions of our state, by Canal, &c. cannot fail to interest every individual, who owns, or expects to own, an acre of land therein. When a certain sum, by this Lottery, shall have been raised, the Governor is empowered to subscribe, on the part of the Commonwealth, $ 150,000 Dollars, to further the views of this undertaking. It therefore behooves each person, who has the welfare of our State at heart, to encourage the *work;* and whether the ticket he may purchase will be entitled to a prize or not, the *object* for which he subscribes is of more importance to him, than the sum he may advance for the purchase of *even* 20 *tickets.* The subscriber has transmitted several schemes, to be placed in the different Inns of Pittsburgh, to which they will be pleased to refer. It may be however necessary to mention, that the highest prize, (the last drawn number) is

40,000 Dollars,

and that from the commencement of the drawing until the finishing, a stationary prize of $ 500, $ 1000, $ 2000 $ 5000, $ 10,000, and $ 20,000, will DAILY entitle the last drawn number, to one of these prizes.

It is needless, certainly, to remind our *western friends,* of the immense importance of a free and cheap communication from their district of Pennsylvania, to those of the sea-board: *we* export *their* produce. Let us, therefore, by a combined exertion, form a channel, through which their *industry* will receive a good market, and *we,* in a period of prosperity, turn it to advantage.

Letters, *post paid,* enclosing the notes of any western banks received in payment. Application to many of the most respectable characters of Pitsburgh will satisfy purchasers as to my correctness.

Tickets in the different Lotteries of the State can be obtained at my Office, and those of *Maryland;* and MY BRETHREN are particularly requested to call upon me for the *Masonic Hall of Baltimore.* I have also, those of the *Lancaster Church, African Church* of this City, *Wilkesbarre Meeting House,* &c. and *Massachusetts* and *New-York,* for Sale. Commission Business done, as well as Stock, Bank, &c. Apply to,

MOORE WHARTON,
No. 58, *Chesnut Street,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Dec. 14. 6t.

Saddlers Ironmongery,

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

Consisting of the following Articles—

FULL and half plated Stirrup Irons assorted
Do. do. Ladies Slippers do.
Do. do. Bitts and Bradoons do.
Do. do. Bradoons do.
Do. do. Pelham and Curb Bitts
Do. do. Double & Single Curb Chains
Plated Heads and Cantles
Plated and Pinces Metal Spurs.
Do. Saddle Rings
Do. Stirrup Slides
Tinned Mens' and Women's Stirrup Irons.
Do. Curb and Snaffle Bridle Bitts
Saddlers Knives and Hammers
Brass Nails and Tinned Tacks assorted
Flat Set Buckles, from 3-4 to 1 1-4 inch do.
Heads and Throats
Saddle Trees, (plated) assorted
Worsted and Cotton Girth-webbing do.
Straining Webb assorted
Saddle Cloth do.
Seal Skins
Leather Stocks and Cockades
Double Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks
A large and complete assortment of Cut Tacks from 2 1-2 to 14 oz.
Corks by the bale

The subscriber intends keeping a constant supply of the above Articles, and will sell them low, either wholesale or retail, for Cash Country Linen, or on a short Credit, at his Store in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets.

HENRY BAILEY.

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1814. tf

WANTED,

Two or Three Apprentices

to the BOOT and SHOE Making Business. Apply to DAVID JONES, in Water Street, Pittsburgh.

January 16, 1814.

FOR RENT,

A FRAME HOUSE, situate in Second between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at present occupied by Mr Peter Kemmell. For particulars enquire of C. LATSHAW.

WHO OFFERS FOR SALE,

At his Warehouse, a quantity of ORLEANS SUGAR, by the barrel, first quality, and KENHAWA SALT, first quality, by the barrel.

Pittsburgh, January 16, 1815.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the plantation whereon the subscriber lives, in Allegheny c'y, near the Black Horse Tavern, in Pitt township, in December last, a Red COW, with the shape of a heart in her forehead. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

SAMUEL OSBORNE.

January 7, 1814.

FOUND,

ON Saturday last, in Wood Street, a BANK NOTE. The owner on stating the amount, &c. and paying the expence of this advertisement, may have it again by applying to

JAMES MORRISON.

Pittsburgh, January 10, 1815.

STRAY BULL.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, some time in September last, a small Red BULL, about 2 years old. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

ROBERT HAMILTON.

January 10 1815.

TO BE SOLD,

A CORNER LOT, opposite Mr. M'Cullough's Tavern, extending 40 feet on Wood Street, and 35 on Fifth Street.

Also, a LOT extending 35 feet on Fifth Street, by 80 backward; both the property of Jeremiah Sturgeon.

If the above Lots are not disposed of by Private Sale previous to the first of February next, they will be Sold by Public Vendue.

Pittsburgh, January 5, 1814.

TO NEW-ORLEANS TRADERS.

200 bbs. Superfine Flour

FOR SALE

AT Belmont Mills, Ohio; deliverable at the Warehouse of E. WOODS, on the bank of the Ohio River, opposite Wheeling.

January 5, 1815.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, residing in the Borough of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, on the 25th of December, 1814, an apprentice to the house carpenter and cabinet making business, named HENRY KICHLER.—He is 18 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches and an half high, stoutly built—from his appearance he would be judged to be 20 years old, fresh face, grey eyes, whitish hair, has rather an unfriendly countenance, and is left-handed. Had on and took with him, a half worn coatee of dark cloth, two jackets, one for summer and one for winter, both whitish, one pair of nankeen and one of velvet cord pantaloons, fustian colour, three half worn shirts of Russia sheeting, two pair of light blue stockings, a silk and a cambric muslin handkerchief, and a half worn hat with a small brim. He understands farming and was raised in Lancaster.

Whoever takes up said runaway and secures him so that the subscriber may get him again, shall receive the above reward, with reasonable expences if brought home to his master in Lancaster.

JOHN CRIST.

January 6, 1815

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

ROBERT CETTY,

Corner of Diamond and Market Street,

HAS now received a large and general assortment of *India, English, French* and *Domestic* DRY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest prices, by piece or yard. Also, an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CHINA and GROCERIES. TANNERS OIL, by the barrel or gallon.

COTTON YARN TWIST AND FILLING.

He will also be supplied with the above article at the Philadelphia prices and carriage from No. 3 to 50. Orders from manufacturers and country merchants will be executed on the best terms

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1st, 1815. *tfq*

STRAY HORSE.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Pitt township, Allegheny county, a Sorrel HORSE, about 14 hands high, 6 or 7 years old, has a star in his forehead, several fresh saddle marks, and shod all round. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

JONAS ROUP.

December 28, 1814.

HANDBILLS—CARDS—BLANKS—AND JOB PRINTING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS EXECUTED IN THE NEATEST MANNER, AND ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

FROM THE GLEANER.

The Cogitations of my Uncle John.

There is a humourous story somewhere told, I think by Fielding, of a sea captain who became a little indisposed at a village and sent for a physician. The doctor ordered a large fire to be built in his room—the patient put to bed, and physicked and puked—bled and sweat, until in a week the lambent flame of life was just about to take its final flight from the heart. Luckily at this moment a friend came in, and enquired of the captain, once so athletic, now so meagre, what was the matter? "Physic and the doctor," faintly breathed the expiring man. "Ah! cried the doctor, gravely, it is evident he is deranged; his fever is high; he must instantly be bled, and a double dose of Ipecac be administered, followed by a potion of jalap, and that I think will do his business." The poor patient petitioned his friend in the most piteous manner to save him from the detested doses of the doctor. A battle ensued—and the doctor, physic, and gallipots, were fairly thrown out of the window. Fresh air—nourishing food, and exercise, soon put the captain upon his legs again, and he blest the day that saved him from the poison of quackery.

I know a patient exactly in the situation of the captain. A little indisposed, he fell into the hands of the most desperate set of quacks that ever had the audacity to attempt to practice. They have drenched him with the most nauseating drugs, that were not fit for horse powders—Bled him by the gallon—Picked his pockets, and involved him in debt till he is literally bankrupt—and have now the pestle and mortar at work night and day, compounding more medicine for the poor fellow. Regular physicians are scouted—traduced, and not suffered to come near the patient. In fact, feeble, and fainting—he is fast falling into that state of stupidity, that is the sure precursor of dissolution.

What shall be done, madam Caperton?

Mrs. C. Why, Uncle John, change his physician and mode of treatment, to be sure.

Uncle John. A wise word once from a woman. Pray preach this precious practice to our proud—piddling—pack of political practitioners, and the nation may yet be saved.

Democracy professes fair,
You'd think it free from evil,
But ———

Make out the verse, reader, as truth and poetry shall direct, to suit yourselves.

From the Connecticut Courant.

A SLIGHT SKETCH OF AN UGLY PICTURE.

In other times, were rung over this whole country, from the centre to its utmost borders, President Adams's 8 per cent loan of 2 millions—his 2 million tax upon houses and land—his excise tax, and especially the stamp duty—his standing army—the frightful magnitude of his patronage—and the excessive number and exorbitant salaries of placemen. These articles constituted the standing theme of invective and reproach for a succession of years. In public speeches, particularly in the harangues on the 4th of July, and in pamphlets and newspapers, the alarm was spread in all directions. While men of some talent harangued the assemblies and wrote for the papers, the grog-shop politicians were alike active in their respective spheres. Outrageous clamour was heard every where. The people were taught, in substance, that the rogues in power meant to establish a monarchy and orders of nobility; that the standing army, (a provisional army of only 6000 men, commanded by the immortal Washington,) endangered the freedom of the country, and threatened it with destruction; that the 8 per cent interest, the taxes, and the monstrous salaries, would consume their substance and reduce them to beggary; and in short, they stood upon the very edge of political ruin.

The people were aroused, and began to tremble for themselves, and for their wives and their little ones. Their hearts were greatly moved with what they had heard. Indeed they felt no burthen or grievance; on the contrary every kind of useful industry, both on land and water, was thriving, and the whole country was in the full tide of prosperity, surpassing all former example among the nations of the earth. Notwithstanding all this, the people grew discontented, and very angry. As yet they felt not the hand of the oppressor, but they tho't they saw it, or at least the shadow of it; and they resolved to save themselves to be pure, disinterested republicans—men who hated royalty and all its trappings—men who had a fellow feeling for the poorer class—men who abhorred the thought of burthening common folk and of taking aught from the "mouth of labour"—men who would bear power meekly—men who were willing to devote themselves, soul and body, to the public interest, regardless of pecuniary considerations—men who made a thousand fair promises, and protestations of heart-felt affection to the people at large. They prevailed. The hearts of the people were won: and they said to these men, Rule ye over us.

And now, what do we see? The *Rod* of political rule, so bittely and clamorously denounced formerly, we see in the hands of these men turned into a *serpent.*

PHILADELPHIA, *January* 16.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The schr. Ellen, capt. Butler arrived at Reedy island on Friday last, in 58 days from Lisbon. Mr. Guier, who came passenger in her, has obligingly favored us with a very extensive collection of English prints to the 5th of Nov. comprising the *Times*, *Chronicle*, *Star*, *Cobbett's Register*, and *Lloyd's List*; from some of which we make extracts for this day's Gazette.

Mr. Madison's message, on the meeting of the present congress, has afforded to the respective British prints a wide field of animadversion, in which they indulge, reciprocally, in the most bitter current of remark. The following article is from the Chronicle, of the latest date, and in some degree may be considered as disclosing the sentiments of no inconsiderable portion of English politicians.

"The message of the president will be read with serious attention. The free and confident language with which he speaks of the barbarous system of warfare which we are waging against defenceless towns, and buildings, proper only for civil purposes, proves the state of public feeling in America to be strongly and generally roused against us. When we look back to the high rank in point of martial character which we held in April last, by the glorious achievements of our army in the Peninsula, and when by a sort of miracle, our perseverance in the contest with Bonaparte, against the judgment of the allied sovereigns, was crowned with success, *we feel mortified and degraded* on viewing the station which we now hold in the eyes of Europe. The conduct of our government *in the little miserable war* with the U. S. has tarnished the glory we obtained. The *Lilliputian Navy*, and the *raw militia of America*, have triumphed over our feeble efforts. On the ocean, and *even on our own coasts*, we have been insulted with impunity, thro' the total ignorance of our marine department, and on the American shores, the impolitic and unjustifiable devastation committed on houses, which were truly regarded as monuments of the arts, has united all parties against us in the states, and has roused the indignation of the enlightened and civilized part of Europe. What advantage to the real objects of the war could we propose to ourselves by this petty depredation. If it were even true that the Americans set the first example of violence and plunder, is it honorable in a great nation to act from the principle of revenge?

"But the most lamentable, and the weakest part of the conduct of Ministers is, that having set up pretensions to a new boundary, which was sure to inflame the hostility of the Americans, and to draw forth all their resources against us, we made no adequate exertions to enforce the claims that we set up, but suffered the whole year to pass over with petty expeditions, and with reinforcements sent in driblets, while all remonstrances from our friends in Canada were disregarded, our brave troops left in helpless inferiority, with an impotent, indecisive commander, and the very possessions that we hold endangered by the protraction of the contest.

"These things, we trust, will come next week with becoming force from the mouths of our Representatives, and will be the subject of a strict inquiry into the conduct of Ministers."

The advices from Ghent could not be of a later date than those we have already received. The only articles we find on the subject are the following:

"It has been our painful duty to state, from time to time, the unfortunate situation of the proceedings at Chent. Our advices yesterday were of the like unwelcome complexion, and we have little doubt that within a fortnight we shall have to announce the complete rupture of the Negociation."

"The Divan of Constantinople have requested the grand seignior to send an Envoy to the Congress. They speak also of an embassy from N. America and they add, that the American ministers at Ghent may possible repair to Vienna."

The relations of the continent, which had been committed to the great Congress at Vienna, were still unknown.—The only article which we find in these papers of a genuine character, is the following:

"Yesterday we received Paris papers to the 30th ult. Brussels and Frankfort papers also arrived to the same date, and a Dutch mail. The intelligence from Vienna affords no information respecting the Congress, the deliberations being kept profoundly secret. It is said, however, that the allied sovereigns will remain at Vienna till the 10th inst. when it is expected the business of the Congress will be terminated. It is also reported that the different sovereigns of Germany are to be independent in their respective states, but to form a confederation, alternately presided over by each. Another rumour mentioned is, that England, Russia, Austria and France, interest themselves on behalf of Dantzic, for the recovery of its independence."

The subjoined article is the only one contained in our file on the subject of the Wasp.

"The action between the Wasp and the Avon will not be forgotten. The captain of a vessel which was captured two days afterwards by the Wasp, was yesterday in the neighbourhood of the Royal Exchange, and he affirmed without qualification, that the only damage suffered by the American ship, was one shot through the hull, with one seaman killed, and two wounded. The Wasp, we are told, set sail for the Canaries."

GRAVESEND, *Nov.* 1.—Sailed for America, the Statira frigate, with Gen. Packenham and suite, and staff on board.

FROM FRANCE.

Extract of a letter to a gentleman in the city of New-York, dated

PARIS, 22d Oct. 1814.

I have been for some weeks constantly on the wing. My business will now detain me here some time, and afford me leisure (and I embrace the opportunity by my friend who is going to Amelia) to correspond with you as I promised.

Every thing is again peace and quietness here, except the French and English newspapers, which still continue their bloodless warfare, and abuse each other with so much bitterness, that on reading them one would still think the two countries at war—nor does it seem that the late peace has healed those animosities of individuals against England, which many years warfare, and above all the mortifying events preceding the peace had produced. As to the allies generally, particularly the Russians and Prussians, the French do them the justice to acknowledge that they have been better treated by them than their own conduct had warranted to hope—no contributions were levied—all supplies paid for. Paris and its master pieces of art, have remained untouched. The allies, generally, have not even reclaimed what had formerly been plundered from them—the statue of Napoleon on the column at Place Vendome, is the only one removed, and even that was done by the inhabitants of Paris.

In France generally, manufactures, trade and confidence revive visibly, and it remains now to be hoped that at Vienna the work of pacification may happily be finished. This convention excites the greatest interest, the (gobes mouches) quidnuncs, raise daily a thousand reports, none of which are entitled to any credit—its fate must soon be decided, and be as important to posterity as to the present generation. One of the reports of the day is, that Hamburg will be annexed to Holstein, as indemnification to Denmark for other sacrifices. I for my part discredit it like an hundred other rumours of a similar nature.

If not exaggerated the last accounts from Spain are melancholy—an evil spirit seems to possess king Ferdinand. In several parts of that ill-fated country, civil war, with all its horrors, is raging and spreading. It is said that great hatred exists between the Spanish people and the English, from which many think serious occurrences between the two nation are among the likely events.

The rest of Europe seems to be quiet—even Norway has submitted to the dominion of Sweden. The German papers hint that considerable coolness exists between the continental sovereigns and Bernadotte, on which account the latter has not been invited to the Congress at Vienna. It is said that particular notice is taken by the Empress of Russia of the son of the deposed king of Sweden. If he has any thing to hope, his fate will be decided at Vienna.

Murat's kingdom, it is also asserted, is shivering in the wind—he has, as is said, many enemies even among his subjects. One of the papers a few days ago stated that he had been fired at while reviewing his troops, by a private—that the ball passed near him, and wounded his aid-de-camp by his side.

We have heard of the destruction of Washington, and regret its fate. The conduct of the British in that instance is generally disapproved here. The Englishman here, on the contrary, are much elated at their success, and, notwithstanding the temporary check experienced since, speak of America as a conquered country, and of a great proportion of the states on the eve of returning to their former allegiance—Can that be? they have certainly made a poor defence at Washington; but what can induce them, after past prosperity, and rising to importance, to sacrifice their independence on account of transient sufferings? The meeting of the Commissioners at Ghent has excited much interest, but appearances augur nothing favorable to America from it.

From the New-York Gazette, Jan. 10.

We learn from undoubted authority, that a gentleman bearer of a flag, who left the Superb, Admiral Hotham, off New-London, at eight o'clock on Friday morning, informs that the Admiral told him he had letters from England as late as the 15th of November, authorising him to continue to prosecute the war with the utmost rigor.

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) *January* 3.

Unpleasant Rumour.—A letter from Savannah, received in this city, states that it was reported there that a vessel had arrived at Amelia, in a short passage from Europe, bringing intelligence, that the *Negociations at Ghent* was broken off; and that our Commissioners were preparing to return to America.

MONTREAL, *December* 31.

The two captains Caldwells, of the Indian department, lately arrived in town, fell in on their way down from Burlington Heights, with Lt. Sinclair, royal navy, who had been a prisoner at Detroit. Before he left that place, he states, that the enemy had evacuated Fort Gratiot, head of river St. Clair. The troops which formed the garrison, cannon and stores had arrived at Detroit.

TO RENT.

And possession given the first of April next,

THAT WELL KNOWN

Tavern Stand,

FORMERLY occupied by Alex: Hill, on the Philadelphia road, 2 miles from Pittsburgh, and adjoining the village of Lawrenceville, where the U. S. are erecting very extensive works. The subscriber has, during the last season, made considerable additions to the house and stables. The house has 5 large well finished rooms on the first floor, 7 chambers on the second floor, and 2 large rooms in the garret, well finished for servants lodging. There is a never failing fountain of the best water running in the yard, and an ice-house filled with ice. The stables (to which is attached a carriage house) are built of stone and brick, and will contain from 30 to 40 horses. A Garden and six or eight acres of Land may be had with the buildings. The turnpike road from Pittsburgh to this place being now completed renders the situation very advantageous for a Public House.

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

January 25, 1815 tf

New Goods for Sale.

JUST received and for Sale, at the AUCTION AND COMMISSION STORE, corner of Market and Front Streets.

1 case containing 29 pieces black and green bombazettes,
34 dozen figured cashmere shawls
50 lb. Turkey Cotton
1 chest Imperial Tea
1 do. Young Hyson Tea
98 pair Cossack Boots
4 half pipes Wine
6 barrels Jamaica Spirits
1 do. Holland Gin
20 barrels Green Coffee
20 bags do.
7 boxes Ribbands assorted
7 dozen Ladies Silk Gloves
1 second hand Piano Forte
1 trunks Ladies Kid and Morocco Shoes
1 bbl. Old Particular Madeira Wine.

Merchants and Storekeepers throughout the Western Country, are informed that a constant supply of MERCHANDIZE will be kept at the above Store, and Sold at a very small advance on the Philadelphia prices, for Cash only.

CHARLES M'CABE & Co.
Commission Merchants.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1815. tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership which has heretofore subsisted between the subscribers, in the erection of certain buildings in and near the Borough of Pittsburgh, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Henry Holdship is authorised to receive all monies due to the said partnership, and to settle all claims on the same.

B. HENRY LATROBE.
HENRY HOLDSHIP.

Pittsburgh, January 23d, 1815.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN M'GREGOR, deceased, either by bond, note, or book account, are desired to call upon the subscribers and discharge their respective debts: also, those who have demands against said estate are requested to bring forward their accounts, properly authenticated, for settlement.

WILLIAM BARD, } *Adminst'rs.*
JOSEPH BURD, }

Shippensburgh, 9th January, 1815.

LANDS TO BE RENTED.

For one year in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.

A black-smith's stand, on the glade road between Painter's mill and Macklin's Inn. There is eight acres of land cleared, two buildings-a smith's shop—also 40 acres cleared, on the Sewickely Creek. There will be a road opened this spring, from Pool's Inn.——road from Baltimore to Washington (crosses the road by the Smith's shop)---This land joins the widow Waggoner's land.

Individuals have been in the habit of cutting saw-logs off this land, selling them to saw-mills----cutting timber, taking bark away. Those whose conscience convicts them of this wrong will call and make payment, otherwise they will be put to trouble.

There is a valuable Salt-lick, on this land, advantageous offers will be given to two or three men, capable of boreing for SALT WATER. On shares.--a plan of boreing by weights, which will expedite the work, will be given them.

ROBERT SMITH.

Apply to General Murry, (agent to the executors of the estate of ROBERT SMITH, deceased)——or to Mr. Graham, printer, Greensburgh.

Jan. 27th, 1815.

THE FAST SAILING BOAT

TORPEDO,

HAS commenced running between Elizabethtown and Pittsburgh. She will leave Elizabethtown every Tuesday Morning at 9 o'clock, and arrive at Pittsburgh the same Evening; will leave Pittsburgh on Wednesday at 2 o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Elizabethtown on Thursday.

The following are the Rates for Freight or Passage, viz:—Five Dollars per waggon load, or 15 Cents per hundred weight; 25 Cents each Passenger; Wheat 8 Cents per bushel; Oats 4 cents per bushel; Packages under one hundred weight 12 1-2 Cents, Waggoners hawling goods from the eastward to Pittsburgh may have their loads taken down and a back load up for seven dollars each load; Waggons hawling iron from the different iron works, at the same rate.

The subscriber has at all times a large supply of Hay and Oats cheaper than at any other place in the county, and good Entertainment for Travellers.

JOHN WALKER.

Elizabtehtown, January 18, 1815.

TO BE RENTED,

AND possession given on the 1st of April next, THREE COMMODIOUS BRICK HOUSES, in Third street between Wood and Smithfield streets.

For terms enquire of the subscriber living in Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH OLIVER.

Jan'y 9th, 1814.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of two writs of *alias venditioni exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 18th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. the following described property, to wit:—

1. All the right, title, interest and claim, of *John Andrews*, of, in and to the following property, viz—One Tract of Land, formerly situate in Allegheny, now in Warren county, adjoining lands of the heirs of Gen. Irvine, the Allegheny river, Joseph Gray, and others, warranted in the name of John Andrews (who resided on the said tract) and containing 400 acres, more or less, with a house and barn erected thereon, and 11 acres cleared; One other Tract of Land adjoining the last described tract, vacant land, the Allegheny river, lands warranted by John Adlum, and other lands containing 400 acres, more or less, with a sawmill erected thereon, and 11 acres cultivated; One other Tract of Land adjoining the last described tract, being a part of a tract held by settlement under an article with Thomas Collins, and warranted in the name of John Adlum containing 100 acres, more or less. At the suit of Isaac Gregg against John Andrews.

2. All the right, title, and interest of *Simon Small* of, in and to, a part of Lot No. 116, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, bounded as follows, to wit: beginning 25 feet front on Penn Street, and running towards Liberty Street 120 feet, bounded by Robert Chess's lot on the east, Ephraim Pentland on the south, and James Ross, Esq. on the west. At the suit of Ephraim Pentland, assignee of James Gray against Simon Small.

ALSO,

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the same Court, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the same time and place, the following described Lots, situate in the Borough of Pittsburgh, numbered in the plan of Pittsburgh, as follows, to wit—Lot No. 303, bounded by lot No. 302 by Third Street, by lot No. 304, and by Fourth Street, being 60 feet in front and extending the same breadth back 160 feet to Third Street, be the same more or less, on which is erected a two story brick house; Lot No. 305, bounded by lot No. 303, by Third Street, by Cherry Alley, and by Fourth Street, and extending back the same breadth 160 feet to Third Street, be the same more or less. At the suit of Maurice Wurtz and William Wurtz against James Bracken and James Smith.

The whole seized and taken in execution and to be sold, by

WILLIAM WOODS *Sheriff.*

Pittsburgh, January 20, 1815.

WANTED,

Stone Masons, Coopers, and a Baker.

CONSTANT Employment and Liberal Wages will be given at the Falls of Ohio to Six skilfull Stone Masons, well acquainted with dressing stones for and building Arches.

Also, to Six Coopers, well acquainted with making Flour Barrels.

Also, to a Baker, well acquainted with making Biscuit.

None need apply but sober men that can give good references.

Enquire at BOSLER & Co.
Front Street.

Pittsburgh, 18th January, 1815. tf

TO RENT,

And possession given the first of April next,

THAT well known TAVERN and FERRY Stand, in Pittsburgh now occupied by Joseph M'Closkey, for a term of years, which may be agreed on by applying to THOMAS or JOHN JONES, Lower Ferry, who will make known the terms

JAMES JONES.

January 16, 1815.

D. & J. CHUTE,

HAVE just received at their wholesale and retail Store, an elegant assortment of SHOES, suitable for the season; also, BOOTEES, of all kinds of a superior quality, cheaper than usual. The sorts of Shoes, Bootees, &c. are too numerous to be particularized.

700lbs prime Connecticut CHEESE for Sale, by the cwt. or single Cheese.

Pittsburgh, January 16, 1814.

Partnership Dissolved.

THE partnership which has heretofore subsisted between ARTHUR REDMOND and JOHN GORMAN, trading under the firm of Arthur Redmond & Co. Rectifying Distillers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm, are requested to pay their accounts to John Gorman, who is duly authorised to receive the same; and all those who have any demands against the said firm, are requested to present the same for settlement.

ARTHUR REDMOND.
JOHN GORMAN.

Pittsburgh, January 14, 1815.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1815.

Extract of a letter from W. & J. Montgomery, merchants at New-Orleans, dated Dec. 30, 1814, to Captain R. Bowen, of this place.

"We are sorry to inform you that the British made a landing 7 miles below this city nine days since—they however have been prevented from advancing any further towards the city by the troops under the command of the brave Jackson. The enemy made their landing through a bayou which communicates with the lakes, and were on the Mississippi before they were discovered, but as soon as they were Jackson immediately marched against them, and attacked them about 9 o'clock at night—he killed them, killed and wounded 3 or 400, and took a major and 62 privates prisoners; it was so dark that he could not follow up his victory, or in all probability he would have made 1 or 2000 prisoners—at the time of the attack the British force was about 3000 men, but during the latter part of the night they received a large reinforcement, and their force is now calculated to be from 6 to 7000 men. Jackson is and has been encamped within one and an half mile of them—the day before yesterday they attempted to force our lines, and marched up in solid column, but they were soon obliged to retreat with great loss, being fired on at every point. We are all soldiers here; no business of any kind doing—stores, &c. shut up. We are daily receiving reinforcements, and hourly look for the 3000 Kentucky militia—We have no doubt but that we shall come off with honor.

"We are sorry to inform you that our brother Robert is missing since the first engagement; the company which he belonged to, went into action with 65 men, 40 of which are missing—they got into the enemy's camp, and have no doubt but that most of them are prisoners—the same company took 27 prisoners, which they brought in."

The New-York Evening Post says, Gen. Izard has resigned his command of the northern army.

By a general order of the British government in Canada, every citizen of the United States (not prisoner of war) is ordered forthwith out of the province.

We are informed, says the Geneva Gazette of the 4th inst. "that the dismounted dragoons, the light artillery, and three regiments of infantry, composing part of Gen. Izard's army, are on their march from Buffalo to the eastward, but whether to Sackett's Harbour or Pittsburgh, cannot be ascertained."

By the Western Mail of Tuesday last.

NASHVILLE, *January* 10.

FROM ORLEANS.

Extract from a letter to his Excellency Governor Blount, from Col. Andrew Hynes, dated Orleans City, Dec. 30.

"The British have landed with a large army and are now within about 5 miles of the city of New-Orleans. We began cannonading them on the night of the 23d inst. and have been at it almost every day since, but the principal mischief has been done by cannonading Gen Coffee's division of the army covered themselves with glory, on the night of the 23d inst. Their loss was considerable, among whom were the brave Col. Lauderdale and Maj Plauche—Col. Dyer and Gibson were wounded. Whatever may be the issue of the pending conflict, rests only with heaven. We pray to the Almighty that we may not tarnish the reputation of the troops of Tennessee. A detachment is this moment advancing from our lines on the enemy, and our heavy artillery are firing almost constantly on them.

"Day before yesterday the brave Col. Henderson and some others were killed in the advance of the enemy's column on the left wing of our army.

"We hope you and the people of Tennessee will render that homage to the Ruler of the universe for his holy protection and invoke our deliverance from this great and powerful enemy.

"I offer you the salutation of my friendship.

AND. HYNES.

"Gen. Jackson, Carroll and Coffee, are worth more than their weight in gold to the American government.

"Admiral Cochrane is said to be with the army and perhaps is not more than a mile from us.

"This is said to be the army that took the city of Washington.

"Gen. Kean is said to be the commander.

Extract of a letter to his Excellency Governor Blount, from his Excellency Governor Claiborne, dated Orleans, Dec. 30.

"The enemy remain encamped about 7 miles from this city, within full view of our army under the command of General Jackson. The force of the enemy is variously stated, from 4 to 7000. In an attack on the evening of the 23d inst. we suffered considerably, and but for the darkness of the night, which caused some public confusion in our ranks, the affair, I am told, would have been decisive.—We have lost some very brave men, and among the number I am sorry to mention two highly esteemed officers of your state, Col. Henderson of the rifle corps, and Col. Lauderdale of the volunteers. The Tennessee troops equal the high expectations which were formed of them, nor is it possible for men to display more patriotism, firmness in battle, or composure under fatigue and privations. The Louisianians also deserve and will receive the highest approbation. We are united as one man, and a spirit prevails which insures our safety. We may have, and calculate on having, some hard fighting, but you need not fear the result.—The General inspires much confidence, and all his troops, regulars, volunteers and militia, are in high spirits, and anxious to be led against the enemy. This will be done in due season; the Kentucky troops are daily expected; until reinforced by them, the General has very prudently determined to retain his present position—a position which completely covers the city, and from which the enemy cannot dislodge him. The American army is drawn up in a line, extending from the Mississippi to the cypress swamp, having in front a wet ditch and an entrenchment impenetrable to musketry or smaller pieces of ordnance—the right flank covered by the river, and the left by the swamp, and the whole by several pieces of cannon of various calibre, 32, 24, 12 and 6 pounders.

From the Boston Daily Advertiser, January 16.

Major General Strong, of the Vermont militia, has issued a general order in consequence of the movements of the enemy in Canada, indicating a probable invasion, in which he urges on his division the necessity of being prepared for a short winter's campaign. He states the regular force on that frontier to be notoriously inadequate to withstand any serious effort of the enemy.

NOTICE TO OUR GILL CUP FRIENDS.

OUR retailers have already announced their determination, and have commenced the practice of doubling their prices upon all supplies of spirits to their old customers How far this advance of one hundred per cent on their former prices will correspond with 20 cents a gallon of additional duty on distillers, I leave to the calculations of the consumers. But no one can mistake, that these new rates augments the price of the gallon so retailed, to the enormous sum of Four Dollars. From these additional profits accruing to distillers and retailers, I think they have reason to bless the authors of the excise, and pray for its continuance. But, to my dear friends the Whiskey Boys, who are the consumers, I suggest a new toast on every bumper they drink after the commencement of the new prices.—"President Madison and his Counsellors—a safe and speedy passage to the Island of Elba." We shall soon begin to feel the effects of Madison's war; and great and grievous as the whiskey tax is, it will be no more than a mite thrown into the treasury, compared with the general and alarming system of taxation, the blessed fruits of his war.

But it is certainly a great indulgence granted to us by this law, that we are not compelled under heavy penalties, to drink a certain stipulated quantity daily or yearly, merely for the increase of the revenue; it is therefore a great consolation, that the quantity to be consumed, is left perfectly optional with ourselves. This fortunate circumstance, puts it in our own power to regulate and reduce our consumption, as to completely defeat the enormous profits of the retailer; to disappoint the authors of the law of this source of revenue, and above all to render this intended additional burthen, perfectly harmless, and only fit to be laughed at. There is no doubt, but the authors of this law, and all our other grievances, has calculated upon such rooted habits of vice and dissipation amongst us, and such violent attachment to this liquor, as to believe that we consider it as an indispensable article of comfort and subsistence. Hence, their calculations upon a productive revenue.

Now, my dear Whiskey Boys, I have a serious and important motion to offer for your consideration, with the view to promote your interest, and to convince our taskmasters, that we are not those stupid infatuated dupes which they calculated upon. I therefore suggest the propriety and strongly recommend it, that we will immediately reduce our consumption, both at home and abroad, to at least one half or more of what has been our former custom. If business calls us to town or tavern for a few hours, let us not expend more money than what we formerly did at the old prices—that is, if we expended a quarter dollar then, do not exceed that sum now. Instead of half a pint formerly, take only a gill now. If we could only command virtue and fortitude enough to abandon altogether our present pernicious habits, or at least to confine ourselves to the moderation here suggested, we might then laugh at the cent per cent profits of the sign post, and rejoice that a beggarly treasury was so far disappointed in its ways and means for *offensive* warlike operations. Altho' I suggest the necessity of reducing the profits of the retailers, it is not with the smallest degree of hostility or ill-will to that useful and necessary class of public institutions. Our own interest, lawfully pursued, ought to be paramount to every other consideration.

A WHISKEY BOY.

ENLISTMENT OF MINORS.

Daniel Lewis, son of Caleb Lewis, being enlisted into the army by George W. Hight, Esq. an officer, and serving as a soldier at Fort Independence, with the consent of the master to whom he was bound, but against the will of the father, a writ of habeas corpus was issued on the complaint of the latter, and Judge Jackson, of the S. Court of the state, (Massachusetts) gave his opinion on the case, after an elaborate argument, "*that the prisoner, Daniel Lewis, cannot be held in the service of the United States.*"

FROM THE NORTH.

The rumors of a winter excursion on the Champlain frontier, seems daily to gain more and more credit, from the movements of our troops towards that quarter. The season is now most fit for such an expedition, and if it is seriously intended, we think a few days will develope their plan and operations.

Middlebury, Vt. Jan. 11. We have various rumors relative to the preparations of the enemy for a winter campaign. We have little doubt that an invasion of our territory on some part of the Canada frontier, is meditating; though we think it by no means certain that it will be in this quarter. That the enemy will improve the earliest opportunity to wipe away the disgrace of the last campaign, we think highly probable.

By the Western Mail of this Morning.

A letter from a gentleman at Natchez, dated the 10th inst. to Mr. Anthony Beelen, merchant, of this town, says, "The New-Orleans mail has this moment arrived—no change in the position of the armies since last accounts."

NATCHEZ, *January* 8.

Extract of a letter to one of the Printers of the Mississippi Republican, from his friend in the army, dated

NEW-ORLEANS, January 2, 1815.

"On yesterday we commenced the new year with a tremendous cannonading with the enemy. On the night before they advanced within a short distance of our breast works, and threw up a kind of battery on which they planted their cannon; about 8 o'clock in the morning they commenced the fire—it was constantly kept up on both sides until about 3 or 4 in the evening They made an attack, and a very formidable one too, on our left flank; there was a constant firing with small arms kept up on both sides for 25 or 30 minutes. They, however, were handsomely repulsed, and it is supposed with considerable loss; our artillery playing on them during the whole time. Our killed and wounded is very inconsiderable, taking into view a constant firing, and of such duration. It is generally supposed that their loss must be immense. They have been compelled to retreat to their first position.

"Every thing is tranquil at present—but I know not how soon another battle may ensue. We received a reinforcement of 1500 men last evening. Upon the whole we are pretty well prepared for the lads!

"So soon as the Kentuckians arrive, it is said the Gen. intends going down upon them, consequently put an end to the war for the present, in this quarter. 4 or 5 of our dragoons were wounded, and a considerable number of horses killed, but not in action with the enemy, it was in consequence of a position which we took in the rear of our own battery, and the enemy overshooting it.

"Deserters are dropping in occasionally, but not as many as was expected.

"Just this moment we are informed, that our army advanced and have taken both the enemy's batteries, and consequently all their artillery. The particulars of the affair I have not gotten, and cannot before the mail closes. It is now about to leave this."

WASHINGTON CITY, *January* 24.

The Legislature of Virginia has made choice of Robert B. Taylor and Armistead T. Mason, Major Generals in the state corps which the state has determined to raise.

BOSTON, *January* 1.

A gentleman arrived at Castine from Bermuda, informs, that he had a Bermuda paper which contained London dates to Nov 18, brot to that island by a vessel in 22 days from Portsmouth, (Eng.) but had given it to the commanding general at Castine. All the information he recollected to have noticed, was, that Lord HILL, after being ready for some time to sail from Portsmouth or Plymouth, had been ordered not to sail, and had returned to London, as there were expectations of PEACE with this country.

There had been no late arrival at Castine from Halifax.

Capt. Fenwick, of the prize ship Hero, had a Halifax paper of Dec. 16, which has been mislaid and cannot be found.—He states, that it contained an account of the arrival at Barbadoes, of a fleet of transports under gen. KEENE; if so, they are probably part of the force gone against the city of New Orleans. It will be recollected, that this force sailed from Ireland in October on a secret expedition.

DIED, on Thursday evening last, Mrs. KESIAH PEEBLES, consort of Mr. Robert Peebles. In the various relations of wife, mother, daughter and neighbour, Mrs. Peebles was not excelled, and added to these virtues, she was a pious and devout Christian.

——, on Friday evening, Master EDWARD SEMPLE, son of the late Steel Semple, Esq.

——, at Shippensburgh, on the 25th ult. after a long and painful illness, Mr. JOHN M'GREGOR. Mr. M'Gregor was well known in this town, and esteemed as an honest man.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

MR. & MRS. COLLINS having relinquished the direction of "THE CARLISLE YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY," intend opening a *Seminary for Young Ladies* in the Borough of Pittsburgh.

The Institution of which they have just taken leave has been honored with flattering public encouragement—and the success which has hitherto attended their system of instruction, warrants the confidence which they feel in offering to Parents and Guardians an Education on the most approved plan, from its first rudiments through all its branches, useful and ornamental, to form the accomplished female.

In order to induce Parents and Guardians to place Young Ladies under their care, Mr. and Mrs. Collins have determined to offer their services on terms which it is hoped will appear very moderate, and command the attention of persons disposed to give their Children or Wards the benefit of a polished Education.

TERMS.

FIRST CLASS.

Per Quarter.

Orthography, Reading, Writing, Grammar and Arithmetic, 5 *Dollars*

SECOND CLASS.

Geography, with the use of Maps and Globes, Ancient and Modern History, Composition, Elements of Polite Literature and Embroidery, 8 *Dollars*

THIRD CLASS.

Drawing and Painting, 5 *Dollars.*

Plain Sewing and marking included in either of the two first Classes.

For the French Language, Dancing and Music, the customary prices to be paid to the respective Teachers.

As the expences incident to such a Seminary as is here contemplated will be considerable, payment of one quarter in advance will be required.

For further particulars apply to Mr. and Mrs. COLLINS, at J. W. Hunter's, Esq. *January* 20, 1815.

ELOCUTION,

MR. COLLINS having devoted much of his time to the Art of Reading and Public Speaking, and anxious to promote the interests of Young Gentlemen whose wishes and inclinations lead to a *Public Life*, proposes to take a Select Class, to which he will develope in a course of Lectures the ART OF READING AND PUBLIC SPEAKING, and in which he will unite *practical* instruction with theoretical investigation, so that he trusts to form the student to appear with advantage in the Pulpit, at the Bar, or in a Deliberative Assembly. There will be 3 Lectures weekly, at the hour of 7, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings.

For terms, &c. enquire as above.

TO RENT,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN THE FIRST OF APRIL NEXT,

THREE COMMODIOUS HOUSES in a pleasant situation on Grant street, near to Messrs. Page and Bakewell.

For terms enquire of

WM: GRAHAM, *Innkeeper.*

Pittsburgh, Jan. 20, 1815.

FARMERS & MECHANICS BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

WE the subscribers being the seven persons first named in the Letters Patent, issued by the Governor of the state of Pennsylvania, incorporating the "Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh," do hereby give notice, that a meeting of the subscribers to the stock of said Bank, will be held at the house of major George Steward, in Wood street, Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Tuesday, the 21st day of February next, in order to organize the Corporation, and then and there to elect by ballot THIRTEEN DIRECTORS.

GEORGE ROBINSON.
GEORGE STEWARD.
JOHN WILKINS.
GEO: COCHRAN, of R'd.
ISAAC BEAN.
RICHARD ROBINSON.
JACOB NEGLEY.

Jan. 20, 1815.

STRAY MARE.

BROKE into the inclosure of the subscriber near Mr. Samuel Peebles tavern, 4 miles from Pittsburgh, about 4 weeks ago, a Bay MARE, 6 years old, about 12 hands high, has a star in her forehead, a large bushy tail, her hind off foot white above the pastern joint, has three shoes. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOHN HAMBRIGHT.

December 30, 1814.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the farm of Margaret Duncan, 3 miles and an half from Pittsburgh, on Grant's Hill, a brown COW, 7 years old, all her feet white, white belly, and has been bored for the hollow horn. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. MOSES BRITTON.

January 7, 1814.

NOTICE.

ANY person desirous to purchase the property advertised by JOHN GORMAN, in Diamond Alley, will please apply to the subscriber on the premises, to know when they may get possession.

T M'GRAIN.

Pittsburgh, January 23, 1815.

Avery & Van Zandt,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

In Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets,

Respectfully inform their Customers and the Public in general, that in addition to their former Stock, they have recently received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a considerable supply of Goods, which they offer for Sale, on very reasonable terms, among which are—

OPIUM
Camphor
Spanish Flies
Jalap
Rhubarb
Calomel
Manna
Sena
Liquorice Ball
Magnesia
Sulphur
Pink Root
Camomile Flowers
Emery
Brimstone
Juniper Berries
Fine Sponge
Ipecauana
Tartar Emetic
Aloes
Gum Foetid
Orange Peal
Gentian Root
Cassia
Pink Root
Cream Tartar
Castor Oil, in bottles and barrels
Glue, &c. &c. &c.

Patent Medicine, warranted genuine.

DYE STUFFS.

Fustic
Logwood
Madder
Oil Vitriol
Blue do.
Redwood
Annotto
Tumeric
Copperas
Aqua Fortis
Allum, &c. &c. &c.

PAINTS.

White Lead, dry and ground in oil
Red do do. do.
Spanish Brown
Lampblack
Ivory do.
King's Yellow
Vermillion
Patent Yellow
Do. Green
Verdigris
Rose Pink
Terra Sienna
Gum Copal
Copal Varnish
Spirits Turpentine in barrels.

576*lbs. Crude Arsenic, suitable for making Shot.*

N. B. An Apprentice wanted. He must be well recommended of respectable connections, and from 15 to 17 years of age.

Pittsburgh, January 17, 1815 tf

WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY.

TREVOR, PETTIGREW AND TROOST, having their Lead Factory now in complete operation, offer for Sale at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of Speakman, Say & Co. and the Glass Warehouse of Trevor & Ewell,

WHITE LEAD, dry and ground in Oil,

RED LEAD, and

LITHARGE, all of the very first quality, at the lowest Pittsburgh prices, and for much less than they can be purchased and brought from Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Certificates for the above articles might be readily *obtained*, but as the proprietors are satisfied, that their manufactured Lead want no other recommendation than a trial, they rest their claims to patronage on its merits. They will only add, that *their* White Lead is *warranted unadulterated* by the slightest mixture of *whiting*, and that *their* kegs will be found to hold 28lbs to the quarter hundred weight.

Every Keg is branded

TREVOR, PETTIGREW & TROOST,
PITTSBURGH.

*** Orders for the above articles will be received by SPEAKMAN, SAY & Co. TREVOR & ENCELL, and the different COMMISSION MERCHANTS of the place.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815.

Whereas a Patent hath been granted under the great seal of the United States, on the first day of December last, to Nicholas J. Roosevelt, Esq. a citizen of the United States, as the original inventor of Steam Boats as now in general use, I DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, as Attorney for the said Nicholas, as patentee as aforesaid, that I will prosecute all, each and every person, who under colour or in virtue of any prior patent by any person for said invention obtained, shall be found to infringe or violate the rights in the said Nicholas by the said patent vested, as well as all persons violating said rights.

JOHN D. DELACY,
Attorney in fact for N. J. Roosevelt,
Patentee as aforesaid.

January 4, 1815.

Tanners Oil, &c.

The Subscriber has just received,
20 barrels superior quality Tanners Oil
20 barrels fresh superfine Flour
20 barrels dried Peaches
50 barrels dried Apples
10 casks New-England Chesse
3 crates Philadelphia Pottery, consisting of Plates, Bowls, Cups and Saucers, Pitchers, Teapots, &c. &c.
50 barrels Kennawa Salt
Writing and Wrapping Paper assorted

All of which will be Sold as usual, wholesale and retail.

ISAAC HARRIS,
DIAMOND.

Pittsburgh, January 10, 1815. tf

GENUINE FAMILY MEDICIES.

BOSLER & Co.

Front Street, between Market & Wood Streets, PITTSBURGH,

HAVE just received from *Lee's Patent and Family Medicine Store*, New York, a fresh supply of the following

GENUINE MEDICINES.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers is recommended

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

The operation of these Pills is very mild, so as to be used by persons in all situations, and of every age.

They are well adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions, to restore the appetite, to produce a free perspiration, and thus prevent Colds, which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a Cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness, sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache, and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured for use by every seaman.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which have, within years past, cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from Worms, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This Medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age & constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or an infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain, cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul, and and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders. The Lozenges are efficacious in taking off all gross humors and eruptions, feverish complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will prevent "the vomiting and purging of children"—a disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is also the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a vast number when in advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance and a mild taste.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe & effectual remedy for rheumatisms, gout, palsey, sprains and bruises, white swellings, old strains and relaxations, numbers and weakness of the neck, pains of the side, head ache, swelled faces, frozen limbs and every similar complaint. It prevents chilblains or chopped hands, and the ill effects of getting the feet wet.

THE DAMASK LIP SALVE.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and the foulness, which if suffered to accumulate never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S

GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints resulting from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication and destructive intemperance, the unskilful or excessive use of mercury, the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, bad lyings in, &c.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

Celebrated for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, and approaching consumptions, and a certain remedy for the whooping cough.

HAHN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

LEE'S OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

LEE'S INFALLIBLE

AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

HAHN'S

TRUE AND GENUINE GERMAN

CORN PLAISTER.

☞ *The above Genuine Medicines, are Sold ONLY, by*

BOSLER AND Co.

Who are appointed sole agents for PITTSBURGH.

☞ At the place of Sale, Pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above Medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of the advertisement.

July 25, 1814 tfq

To Journeymen Tobacconists.

WANTED a number of JOURNEYMEN TOBACCONISTS & SEGAR MAKERS, to whom liberal wages will be paid. GIRLS and BOYS who have been employed in the above business, will also meet with liberal encouragement by applying to the subscriber, two doors from the Post Office, Front Street.

R. JONES.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 3, 1815. tfq

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of *JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY*

BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

ROBINSON & BARBER.

HAVE NOW ON HAND & FOR SALE,

50 Barrels Loaf Sugar,

25,000 lbs. COFFEE, in bags and barrels,

20 Barrels SHAD,

150 do. 1st quality NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,

1-2 Pipe 4th proof Cogniac BRANDY,

1-2 do. Vidonia WINE.

October 26——*tfq*

DOCTOR HANDY'S,

WORM DESTROYING

LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away

WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating: at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813. tfq

ARMY BLANKS,

Printed in the neatest manner, and on the shortest notice at this office.

GINSENG.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase 10,000 Pounds of Crude (or unclarified) Ginseng, for which a good price will be given. It must be of good quality, and would be preferred of this year's growth, and packed in casks of from 100 to 150lbs. each, to be delivered in any quantity from 500lbs and upwards, in Pittsburgh, between this and the middle of January next.

Letters on this subject will be instantly attended to.

ISAAC HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 13 1814.

NEW STORE.

WAY & BLAINE,

Have just received at their Store in Market Street between Second and Third Streets,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

which they offer for Sale at the lowest prices.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815. tf

NITRE,

WARRANTED in its purest state, refined by the subscriber, and for Sale at JOHN M'CLEAN'S Commission Warehouse. It may also be had, particularly prepared for manufacturing Gunpowder, by

CHARLES MUNNS,

Gunpowder-maker, and Salt Petre refiner.

Pittsburgh, 14th Nov. 1814

WANTED, a quantity of Crude Salt Petre.

WAGGONS WANTED.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WISHES to employ 10 or 15 WAGGONS, to haul Iron from Juniata and Bellefonte Iron Works, to this place, for which liberal wages will be paid.

APPLY TO

WILLIAM LECKY.

Pittsburgh, July 26 tfq

Doctor CHISHOLMS,

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814. tfq

PITTSBURGH WIRE MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers

FOR SALE.

AT THE PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

WITH the addition of carriage, an assortment of *WIRE*, made of the Juniata iron, from No. 1 to No. 24, inclusive. Any higher number made agreeable to order. He hopes that the manufacturers and merchants of the western country, will give him a portion of their custom, to support a new and large establishment.

Square inch iron, will be rolled down for smiths and other mechanics, at the following prices, viz:

To 7-8 one dol. per cwt.

6-8	two	do	do	do
5-8	three	do	do	do
4-8	four	do	do	do
3-8	five	do	do	do

WM: EICHBAUM.

March 28, 1814

TRAVELLER'S INN,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

EVER grateful for past favours, the subscriber informs his friends and the public, that the additions already made to his TRAVELLER'S INN renders it one of the most extensive and convenient establishments of the kind in this part of the country—being 33 feet on Water street by 93 feet on Centre alley; his Stables are also enlarged and attended by an excellent Ostler—assures those Gentlemen and Ladies who may favor him with a call, that every exertion will be made to make Traveller's Inn a place of entertainment for genteel guests only.

COMMISSION BUSINESS

Attended with the usual promptitude and attention to the reception of Merchandize and Country Produce.

SAMUEL JANUARY.

Maysville, Ky. January 18, 1814. 1yq

THE STEAM ENGINE FOUNDERY.

ON FRONT STREET,

BACK OF THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL,

IS in complete operation, and ready to supply castings of all descriptions—but particularly in a mechanical line, viz:—*All kinds of castings appertaining to Merchant Flour Mills; Rolling & Slitting, Forging & Tilting Mills; Fulling and Oil Mills, &c. Sugar mills, Sugar boilers, Pot-ash kettles, Stills, Soap and Salt kettles, &c.*

☞ *The new Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company*," as usual carry on the making of *Steam Engines* of every description. They will also furnish Paper mill screws, Fullers and Mill screws, and all kinds of the large orders. Also, Mill spindles & rynes, and Saw mill cranks and large work generally.

February 18, 1818 tf

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS.

Having established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, *PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. for* CASH, PRODUCE, *or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on reasonable terms, 30 feet of GROUND on Fourth street, nearly opposite Ferry street, between Market and Liberty sts. in the borough of Pittsburgh, on the back part of which is erected a convenient Brick building. The front of the lot affords an eligible situation for buildings.

Also----300 acres of LAND, about 18 miles from this place, west of the Allegheny river.

APPLY TO

GEO: COCHRAN,

Corner Diamond alley and Liberty strt. Pittsburgh, Aug. 9 tfq

Commission Warehouse.

JOSEPH DAVIS & Co.

Have on hand and for Sale at their Commission Warehouse, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh,

SUPERFINE and coarse broadcloths
Cassimers, Bedford cords & waistcoatings
Ribbons and boss by the box
Suspenders by the dozen
Dowlas by the piece
Ladies straw bonnets per dozen
Sewing silk and twist per lb.
Brandy by the barrel and keg
Loaf sugar and rice by the barrel
Swedish steel by the tub
Best refined salt petre by the barrel
Connecticut cheese by the hundred weight
A quantity of mens and womens shoes in their variety, by the dozen or box.
Ladies and gentlemens saddles
Together with a number of other articles too numerous to insert.

They also beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they are ready to *receive, store* and *sell* on commission all kinds of Merchandize forwarded to their care, and from their long experience in business they hope to give general satisfaction, as they are determined to use the greatest care and punctuality on their part.

Millers and Distillers are informed they can be accommodated with storage.

J. DAVIS & Co.
Commission Merchants.

Pittsburgh, 7th November, 1814

100 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from York county, state of Pennsylvania, about July, a certain JOHN THOME, about 6 feet high, pale complexion, black hair, and blind of an eye. He is a great deal stoop shouldered, and about 40 years of age. The above reward will be given to any one who will secure him in the Pittsburgh jail before the first of April next. His clothes, when about the 15th of October, was at Jeremiah Morrison's, 14 miles above Warren, on the Kensee Flatts, Allegheny river. It is supposed he intends moving to or near Cincinnati this fall or winter. All reasonable expenses will be paid in addition to the above reward.

CLEMENS STRANGER.

York, (Penn.) Nov. 3, 1814.

THE

Pittsburgh Point

BREWERY,

Is in operation, and conducted on

SHIRAS'S NEW SYSTEM OF

MALTING & BREWING.

IT is with pleasure the subscriber informs the Citizens of Pittsburgh, that notwithstanding the advanced prices of grain and labour, he is enabled to *reduce* the prices of Liquors, *upwards of TWENTY FIVE per cent.*

Orders received at the Brewery will be executed promptly as usual. BARLEY purchased.

For James O'Hara.

GEO: SHIRAS

Nov. 1, 1814. tfq

Fulling & Wool Carding.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that their Mill, lately erected at the Lower Falls of Big Beaver Creek, are now in operation.

Being provided with two pair of Fulling Stocks and the necessary implements and convenience for dressing Broad and Narrow Cloths in the best manner, together with two Wool Cachines covered with fine Cards, calculated for carding Merino and Common Wool, and conducted by experienced Workmen, the subscribers are encouraged to solicit a share of the public patronage, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favor them with their custom in the above line of business.

Cloth to be dressed or Wool to be carded will be thankfully received by James Taylor at the Mill, and finished according to directions with punctuality and dispatch at the customary prices.

Cloth will also be received by George Cochran, at his Woollen Factory, in Pittsburgh, forwarded and returned when dressed.

JAMES TAYLOR,
JOHN WALKER,
M. EVANS,
GEO. COCHRAN, of P'g

January 9, 1815.

South Park Mills.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will Sell the fee simple estate, ten miles from Pittsburgh, on the Allegheny river, at the mouth of Deer creek, in the whole or in divisions. The premises consist of upwards of 700 acres of first rate land, which runs above a mile on the river bank, 300 acres river and creek bottom, 200 acres cleared and under good fence, about 30 acres laid down in clover last season, a new Grist Mill and Saw Mill in complete operation, a new still house, the stuff taken out for another Saw mill, and part of the dam made, and joining the new Saw Mill can be erected a merchant flour mill or furnace. It is said by good judges there is a great quantity of iron ore on the tract; there are also two apple orchards in full bearing, six large sugar camps, and the mills and timber on the estate will make more than a thousand dollars. For goodness of soil and beauty of situation, none in the United States can surpass. It is fit for the abode of man in Europe or America to reside on. If required, a great part of the purchase money may remain unpaid for three years. An indisputable title will be given. For further particulars apply to Mr. THOMAS CROMWELL, or to the subscriber on the premises.

JAMES DAVIS

November 29, 1814